## SENATE BILL No. 72

### DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

**Citations Affected:** IC 3-5-7-7; IC 3-6; IC 3-7; IC 3-8; IC 3-9; IC 3-10; IC 3-11; IC 3-11.5; IC 3-11.7-5-1; IC 3-12; IC 3-13; IC 4-2-6-8; IC 20-4-8-18; IC 36-2-16-2.

Synopsis: Various election law matters. Provides that a voter registration application having an illegible or a missing postmark is valid if received not later than 21 days before the election. Provides for the administrative disbanding of a political committee that has not filed expenditure reports for three years, regardless of the amount of cash held by the committee. Provides that a person who serves as a political committee's treasurer in violation of certain statutes is subject to a civil penalty upon the unanimous vote of the commission or county election board. Provides that a candidate for a municipal office shall file certain campaign finance reports even if a primary or municipal election is not held in the municipality. Requires a county election board to conduct municipal elections in all towns unless a town opts out. Provides that one precinct election board may serve all precincts at a single polling place. Provides that voters in a municipality's newly acquired territory may vote regardless of when the territory was acquired. Provides that only counties that count absentee ballots at a central location may authorize the use of electronic equipment at the clerk's office for the casting of absentee ballots. Requires the voter's signature on an absentee ballot application to be compared to the voter's signature on the voter's registration record under certain circumstances. Requires a special election to be ordered in an election contest after a finding that the occurrence of deliberate acts makes it impossible to determine which candidate received the highest number of votes. Makes changes to qualifications of precinct election officers, the filing place for replacement candidates for local judicial offices of independent and minor party candidates, and small town election procedures. Makes (Continued next page)

Effective: Upon passage; July 1, 2004.

# Landske

December 2, 2003, read first time and referred to Committee on Elections and Civic Affairs.



## Digest Continued

technical changes relating to: (1) election administration; (2) precinct election officers; (3) watchers; (4) certification of nominees; (5) campaign finance reports; (6) voter registration; (7) rights of voters; (8) municipal elections; (9) ballot format; (10) absentee voting; (11) polling places; (12) provisional ballots; (13) election recounts and contests; (14) filling vacancies in local offices; (15) filing financial disclosure statements; and (16) appointment of deputies of local officials. (The introduced version of this bill was prepared by the census data advisory committee.)







#### Introduced

#### Second Regular Session 113th General Assembly (2004)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2003 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

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# **SENATE BILL No. 72**

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A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning elections.

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Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

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SECTION 1. IC 3-5-7-7, AS ADDED BY P.L.202-1999, SECTION
1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON
PASSAGE]: Sec. 7. (a) A registered voter of the election district a
candidate seeks to represent may file a sworn statement with the
commission election division or a county election board under
IC 3-8-1-2 if a candidate uses on the ballot a designation not permitted
by section 5 of this chapter.

- (b) A complaint filed under this section must contain the following information:
  - (1) The legal name of the candidate who has used a designation not permitted by section 5 of this chapter.
  - (2) The designation the candidate has used that is not permitted under section 5 of this chapter.
- (c) If the commission or county election board finds that the candidate used a designation not permitted by section 5 of this chapter,



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1	the candidate is considered to have withdrawn the candidate's
2	candidacy.
3	SECTION 2. IC 3-6-6-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.199-2001,
4	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
5	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 7. (a) An otherwise qualified person is
6	eligible to serve as a precinct election officer unless any of the
7	following apply:
8	(1) The person is unable to read, write, and speak the English
9	language.
. 0	(2) The person has any property bet or wagered on the result of
.1	the election.
. 2	(3) The person is a candidate to be voted for at the election in the
.3	precinct, except as an unopposed candidate for a precinct
.4	committeeman or state convention delegate.
.5	(4) The person is the spouse, parent, father-in-law, mother-in-law,
.6	child, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, grandparent, grandchild,
.7	brother, sister, brother-in-law, sister-in-law, uncle, aunt, nephew,
. 8	or niece of a candidate or declared write-in candidate to be voted
9	for at the election in that precinct. This subdivision disqualifies a
20	person whose relationship to the candidate is the result of birth,
21	marriage, or adoption. This subdivision does not disqualify a
22	person from serving as a precinct election officer if the candidate
23	to whom the person is related is an unopposed candidate.
24	(5) The person was not trained as required by section 40 of
25	this chapter.
26	(b) In addition to the requirements of subsection (a), a person is not
27	eligible to serve as an inspector if the person is the chairman or
28	treasurer of the committee of a candidate whose name appears on the
29	ballot.
0	SECTION 3. IC 3-6-6-23, AS AMENDED BY P.L.126-2002,
31	SECTION 20, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
32	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 23. The oath prescribed for a precinct election
33	officer must be signed before a person authorized to administer oaths
34	and contain the following information:
35	I do solemnly swear (or affirm) the following:
66	(1) I will support the Constitution of the United States and the
37	Constitution of the State of Indiana.
8	(2) I will faithfully and impartially discharge the duties of
19	inspector (or judge, poll clerk, assistant poll clerk, or sheriff) of
10	this precinct under the law.
1	(3) I will not knowingly permit any person to vote who is not
12	qualified and will not knowingly refuse the vote of any qualified



1	voter or cause any delay to any person offering to vote other than
2	is necessary to procure satisfactory information of the
3	qualification of that person as a voter.
4	(4) I am now a bona fide resident of the county in which the
5	precinct in which I am to act as a member of the election board is
6	situated and, if required by law, am a qualified voter of that
7	county.
8	(5) I will not disclose or communicate to any person how any
9	voter has voted at this election or how any ballot has been folded
10	or marked.
11	(6) I am able to read, write, and speak the English language.
12	(7) I have no property bet or wagered on the result of this election.
13	(8) I am not a candidate to be voted for at this election in this
14	precinct, except as an unopposed candidate for a political party
15	office.
16	(9) If I am serving as an inspector, I am not the chairman or
17	treasurer of the committee of a candidate whose name appears on
18	the ballot.
19	(10) I am not related to any person to be voted for at this election
20	in this precinct as the spouse, parent, father-in-law,
21	mother-in-law, child, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, grandparent,
22	grandchild, brother, sister, brother-in-law, sister-in-law, uncle,
23	aunt, nephew, or niece of that person, unless that person is an
24	unopposed candidate.
25	(11) I was trained as required by IC 3-6-6-40.
26	SECTION 4. IC 3-6-6-38, AS ADDED BY P.L.126-2002,
27	SECTION 21, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
28	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 38. (a) As used in this section, "omitted
29	precinct election officer" refers to a precinct election officer that a
30	precinct is not required to have by a resolution adopted under this
31	section.
32	(b) Notwithstanding other provisions of this title, a county election
33	board may adopt a resolution to provide that specified precincts or all
34	precincts of the county are not required to have any or all of the
35	following precinct election officers:
36	(1) Sheriff. Sheriffs.
37	(2) Poll clerks.
38	(c) A resolution adopted under this section must be adopted by
39	unanimous vote of the entire membership of the board.
40	(d) A resolution adopted under this section must state the following:
41	(1) The precincts to which the resolution applies.
42	(2) For each precinct identified in the resolution, which precinct



1	election officers are omitted precinct election officers.	
2	(3) For each precinct identified in the resolution, which precinct	
3	election officers will perform the duties required by this title of	
4	the omitted precinct election officers.	
5	(e) Notwithstanding any other law, the precinct election officer	
6	specified in a resolution adopted under this section shall perform the	
7	duties of the omitted precinct election officers as stated in the	
8	resolution.	
9	(f) A resolution adopted under this section expires December 31	
0	after the resolution is adopted.	
1	SECTION 5. IC 3-6-6-40, AS ADDED BY P.L.66-2003, SECTION	
2	4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON	
3	PASSAGE]: Sec. 40. (a) This section applies after December 31, 2003.	
4	(b) (a) The county election board shall conduct a training and	
.5	educational meeting for precinct election officers.	
6	(c) (b) The board shall require inspectors and judges to attend the	
7	meeting and may require other precinct election officers to attend the	
8	meeting.	
9	(d) (c) The meeting required under this section must include	
20	information:	
21	(1) relating to making polling places and voting systems	
22	accessible to elderly voters and disabled voters; and	
23	(2) relating to the voting systems used in the county.	
24	The meeting may include other information relating to the duties of	
25	precinct election officers as determined by the county election board.	
26	(e) (d) The meeting required by this section must be held not later	
27	than the day before election day.	
28	(e) If an individual:	
29	(1) is appointed as a precinct election officer after the training	
0	and educational meeting conducted under this section; or	
31	(2) demonstrates to the county election board that the	
32	individual was unable to attend the meeting due to good	
3	cause;	
4	the county election board may authorize the individual to serve as	
55	a precinct election officer after completing emergency training.	
66	The emergency training must include the information required	
37	under subsection (c) and be conducted in accordance with	
8	requirements established by the board.	
19	SECTION 6. IC 3-6-9-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
10	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 1. (a) If:	
1	(1) twenty-six percent (26%) or more of all candidates of a	
12	political party who are candidates for:	



1	(A) nomination to elected offices at a county <b>primary election</b>
2	(or municipal primary election within the municipality in
3	which the municipal primary is to be conducted), not
4	including candidates for delegates to the state convention or
5	candidates for precinct committeemen; or
6	(B) precinct committeemen at an election for precinct
7	committeemen, whose names are certified to the county
8	election board as candidates to be voted for at the primary
9	election for precinct committeemen; or
10	(2) any candidate or group of candidates for a school board office;
11	desire to have watchers at the polls in any precinct of the county or
12	municipality, they shall sign a written statement indicating their desire
13	to name watchers.
14	(b) If the candidates signing the statement are candidates for
15	nomination at a county primary election or for election as precinct
16	committeemen or to a school board office, the written statement shall
17	be filed with the circuit court clerk of the county where the candidates
18	reside.
19	(c) If the candidates signing the statement are candidates for
20	nomination at a municipal primary election, the written statement shall
21	be filed with the circuit court clerk of the county that contains the
22	greatest percentage of the population of the election district.
23	SECTION 7. IC 3-7-12-27 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
24	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 27. (a) The circuit
25	court clerk or board of registration members shall, following the
26	cancellation of voter registrations as provided by the voter list
27	maintenance program under this article, file an affidavit under
28	affirmation with the <del>county auditor.</del> <b>election division.</b>
29	(b) The affidavit must be on a form prescribed by the commission
30	and must state that the clerk or board has:
31	(1) conducted the voter list maintenance program under this
32	article; and
33	(2) canceled the registrations required under the voter list
34	maintenance program.
35	SECTION 8. IC 3-7-14-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
36	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. (a) Except as provided in
37	<b>subsection (b),</b> the definitions in IC 9-13-2 apply to this chapter.
38	(b) A reference to the "commission" in this chapter is a
39	reference to the Indiana election commission unless otherwise
40	stated.
41	SECTION 9. IC 3-7-14-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
42	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 5. As provided in 42 U.S.C.



1	1973gg-3(c)(1), the bureau of motor vehicles commission shall
2	include a voter registration application form as a part of the application
3	for a driver's license prescribed under IC 9-24.
4	SECTION 10. IC 3-7-14-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
5	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 9. An employee of
6	the bureau of motor vehicles commission who provides an individual
7	with a driver's license or identification card application shall do the
8	following:
9	(1) Inform each individual who applies for a driver's license or an
10	identification card that the information the individual provides on
11	the individual's application will be used to register the individual
12	to vote unless:
13	(A) the individual is not eligible to vote; or
14	(B) the individual declines to register to vote or fails to
15	complete the voter registration part of the application.
16	(2) Provide each individual who indicates a desire to register or
17	transfer registration with assistance in filling out the voter
18	registration application if requested to do so by the individual.
19	(3) Check the completed voter registration form for legibility and
20	completeness.
21	(4) Deliver the completed registration form to the license branch
22	manager (or the employee designated by the manager to be
23	responsible for voter registration services) for transmittal to the
24	appropriate circuit court clerk or board of registration.
25	(5) Inform the individual that the individual will receive a mailing
26	from the circuit court clerk or board of registration of the county
27	where the individual resides concerning the disposition of the
28	voter registration application.
29	(6) Inform each individual who submits a change of address for
30	a driver's license or identification card that the information serves
31	as notice of a change of address for voter registration unless the
32	applicant states in writing on the form that the change of address
33	is not for voter registration purposes.
34	SECTION 11. IC 3-7-14-10 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
35	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 10. If an individual
36	is registering to vote after the twenty-ninth day before the date that a
37	primary, general, municipal, or special election is scheduled in the
38	precinct where the voter resides, the employee of the bureau of motor
39	vehicles commission who provides an individual with a driver's license
40	or an identification card application shall do the following:
41	(1) Inform the individual that license branch registration will not

permit the individual to vote in the next election.



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(2) Inform the individual of other procedures the individual may

follow to vote in the next election.
SECTION 12. IC 3-7-14-11 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 11. Whenever an
applicant completes a voter registration application under section 4 of
this chapter, the bureau of motor vehicles commission shall provide
the applicant with a written acknowledgment that the applicant has
completed a voter registration application at a license branch. The
acknowledgment.

- (1) may be a detachable part of the registration form prescribed under section 4 of this chapter; and
- (2) must set forth the name and residential address of the applicant and the date that the application was completed.

SECTION 13. IC 3-7-14-12 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 12. (a) An applicant who completes a voter registration application under section 4 of this chapter is not required to submit the application to a circuit court clerk or board of registration member.

(b) The **bureau of motor vehicles** commission shall forward the voter registration part of the application to a circuit court clerk or board of registration not later than five (5) days after the date of acceptance and as provided in IC 9-24-2.5 and 42 U.S.C. 1973gg-3(c)(2)(E).

SECTION 14. IC 3-7-14-13 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 13. Voter registration information received or maintained by the **bureau of motor vehicles** commission under this chapter is confidential and may be used only for voter registration purposes as provided in this article, 42 U.S.C. 1973gg-3(b), and 42 U.S.C. 1973gg-6(a)(6).

SECTION 15. IC 3-7-14-15 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 15. As provided in 42 U.S.C. 1973gg-3(d), a circuit court clerk or board of registration may update the address in the voter registration of an applicant, unless the applicant indicates on an application to obtain or renew a motor vehicle driver's license (or any other change of address form submitted to the clerk or board by the **bureau of motor vehicles** commission) that the change of address of the applicant is not for voter registration purposes.

SECTION 16. IC 3-7-33-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.209-2003, SECTION 50, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 4. (a) This section applies to a voter registration application submitted on a registration by mail form under IC 3-7-22.

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1	(b) Except as provided in subsection (c), and as provided in 42
2	U.S.C. 1973gg-6(a)(1), an eligible applicant whose application is
3	postmarked not later than twenty-nine (29) days before the election
4	shall be registered to vote in the election.
5	(c) If a postmark on a registration by mail form is missing or
6	illegible, an eligible applicant shall be registered to vote in the election
7	if the form is received by the county voter registration office not later
8	than twenty-four (24) days the Monday following the close of the
9	registration period before the election.
10	SECTION 17. IC 3-8-5-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.167-2001,
11	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
12	JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 2. (a) A candidate for a town office may be
13	nominated using any of the following methods:
14	(1) By convention conducted under this chapter.
15	(2) By a primary election.
16	(3) By petition filed under IC 3-8-6.
17	(4) If a town convention or a primary election is not required
18	under section 10 of this chapter for the political party of which the
19	candidate is a member, by the candidate's declaration of
20	candidacy.
21	(b) Unless a town legislative body adopts an ordinance under
22	subsection (c), a town shall use the convention method described in
23	this chapter to nominate candidates for town offices.
24	(c) The town legislative body of a town covered by this chapter may
25	adopt an ordinance to specify any other method described in subsection
26	(a) to nominate candidates for town offices.
27	(d) The town legislative body must adopt an ordinance under
28	subsection (c) not later than January 1 of the year in which a municipal
29	election is held. The town clerk-treasurer shall send a copy of the
30	ordinance to the circuit court clerk of the county that contains the
31	greatest percentage of the town's population.
32	(e) If a town described by section 1 of this chapter adopts an
33	ordinance under subsection (c) to nominate candidates by a primary
34	election, the following apply:
35	(1) The county election board of the county that contains the
36	greatest percentage of the town's population shall conduct the
37	primary election for the town.
38	(2) All statutes governing primary elections for towns apply.
39	(3) The town may not change the method of nominating
40	candidates for town offices more than one (1) time in any twelve
41	(12) year period.
42	SECTION 18. IC 3-8-5-10.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.167-2001,



1	SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
2	JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 10.5. (a) A person who desires to be nominated
3	for a town office by a major political party must file a declaration of
4	candidacy with the circuit court clerk of the county containing the
5	greatest percentage of population of the town.
6	(b) A declaration of candidacy must be filed:
7	(1) not earlier than January 1; and
8	(2) not later than:
9	(A) noon August 1 before a municipal election if the town
10	nominates its candidates by convention; and
11	(B) the date that a declaration of candidacy must be filed under
12	IC 3-8-2-4 if the town nominates its candidates by a primary
13	election.
14	(c) The declaration must be subscribed and sworn to (or affirmed)
15	before a notary public or other person authorized to administer oaths.
16	(d) The declaration of each candidate required by this section must
17	certify the following information:
18	(1) The candidate's name, printed or typewritten as:
19	(A) the candidate wants the candidate's name to appear on the
20	ballot; and
21	(B) the candidate's name is permitted to appear on the ballot
22	under IC 3-5-7.
23	(2) That the candidate is a registered voter and the location of the
24	candidate's precinct and township (or the ward and town), county,
25	and state.
26	(3) The candidate's complete residence address and the
27	candidate's mailing address if the mailing address is different
28	from the residence address.
29	(4) The candidate's party affiliation and the office to which the
30	candidate seeks nomination, including the district designation if
31	the candidate is seeking a town legislative body seat.
32	(5) That the candidate complies with all requirements under the
33	laws of Indiana to be a candidate for the above named office,
34	including any applicable residency requirements, and is not
35	ineligible to be a candidate due to a criminal conviction that
36	would prohibit the candidate from serving in the office.
37	(6) The candidate's signature.
38	(e) This subsection does not apply to a town whose municipal
39 10	election is to be conducted by a county. Immediately after the
40 11	deadline for filing, the circuit court clerk shall do all of the following:
41 12	(1) Certify to the town clerk-treasurer and release to the public a
12	list of the candidates of each political party for each office. The



1	list shall indicate any candidates of a political party nominated for	
2	an office under this chapter because of the failure of any other	
3	candidates of that political party to file a declaration of candidacy	
4	for that office.	
5	(2) Post a copy of the list in a prominent place in the circuit court	
6	clerk's office.	
7	(3) File a copy of each declaration of candidacy with the town	
8	clerk-treasurer.	
9	(f) A person who files a declaration of candidacy for an elected	
10	office for which a per diem or salary is provided for by law is	
11	disqualified from filing a declaration of candidacy for another office for	
12	which a per diem or salary is provided for by law until the original	
13	declaration is withdrawn.	
14	(g) A person who files a declaration of candidacy for an elected	
15	office may not file a declaration of candidacy for that office in the same	
16	year as a member of a different political party until the original	
17	declaration is withdrawn.	
18	(h) A person who files a declaration of candidacy under this section	
19	may file a written notice withdrawing the person's declaration of	
20	candidacy in the same manner as the original declaration was filed, if	
21	the notice of withdrawal is filed not later than:	
22	(1) noon August 1 before the municipal election if the town	
23	nominates its candidates by convention; and	
24	(2) the date that a declaration of candidacy may be withdrawn	
25	under IC 3-8-2-20 if the town nominates its candidates in a	
26	primary election.	
27	(i) A declaration of candidacy must include a statement that the	•
28	candidate requests the name on the candidate's voter registration record	
29	be the same as the name the candidate uses on the declaration of	1
30	candidacy. If there is a difference between the name on the candidate's	
31	declaration of candidacy and the name on the candidate's voter	
32	registration record, the officer with whom the declaration of candidacy	
33	is filed shall forward the information to the voter registration officer of	
34	the appropriate county as required by IC 3-5-7-6(e). The voter	
35	registration officer of the appropriate county shall change the name on	
36	the candidate's voter registration record to be the same as the name on	
37	the candidate's declaration of candidacy.	
38	SECTION 19. IC 3-8-5-13, AS AMENDED BY P.L.202-1999,	
39	SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
40	JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 13. (a) The chairman and secretary of a town	

convention shall execute a certificate of nomination in writing, setting



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out the following:

1	(1) The name of each nominee as:
2	(A) the nominee wants the nominee's name to appear on the
3	ballot; and
4	(B) the nominee's name is permitted to appear on the ballot
5	under IC 3-5-7.
6	(2) The residence address of each nominee.
7	(3) The office for which each nominee was nominated.
8	(4) That each nominee is legally qualified to hold office.
9	(5) The political party device or emblem by which the ticket will
10	be designated on the ballot.
11	(b) Both the chairman and secretary shall acknowledge the
12	certificate before an officer authorized to take acknowledgment of
13	deeds.
14	(c) The certificate must be filed with the circuit court clerk of the
15	county having the greatest percentage of the population of the town.
16	(d) The certificate must be filed with the circuit court clerk no later
17	than noon August 28 before the municipal election.
18	(e) The circuit court clerk shall file a copy of each certificate with
19	the town clerk-treasurer no later than noon September 4.
20	SECTION 20. IC 3-8-5-14.7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.144-1999,
21	SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
22	JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 14.7. (a) All questions regarding the validity of:
23	(1) a declaration of candidacy;
24	(2) a petition of nomination; or
25	(3) a certificate of nomination of a candidate by a town
26	convention; or a declaration of intent to be a write-in candidate
27	for election to a town office
28	subject to this chapter shall be filed under IC 3-8-1-2 not later than
29	noon seven (7) days after the final date for filing a certificate under
30	section 13(d) of this chapter. The question shall be referred to and
31	determined by the town election board (or by the appropriate county
32	election board if a county election board is conducting the election for
33	the town).
34	(b) The election board shall rule on the validity of any document
35	described in subsection (a) not later than noon September 11 seven (7)
36	days following the deadline for filing of the document required by
37	subsection (a).
38	(c) A question regarding the validity of a declaration to be a
39	write-in candidate for election to a town office must be filed under
40	IC 3-8-1-2 not later than the date and time specified by
41	IC 3-8-2-14(c), and shall be determined by the election board not

later than the date and time specified by IC 3-8-2-14(c).



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1	SECTION 21. IC 3-8-6-17, AS AMENDED BY P.L.202-1999,
2	SECTION 9, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 17. (a) If:
4	(1) a petition of nomination contains the name of at least one (1)
5	candidate who seeks to be placed on the ballot as the candidate of
6	a political party described by section 1 of this chapter; and
7	(2) a candidate listed on the petition ceases to be a candidate after
8	the petition is circulated for signature or filed;
9	the candidate may be replaced on the petition in accordance with this
10	section.
11	(b) This subsection applies to a candidate described in subsection
12	(a) who sought a federal, state, or legislative office or a local office
13	described by IC 3-8-2-5. The state chairman of the political party may
14	file a written statement with the election division stating the name of
15	the substitute candidate. The statement must:
16	(1) be on a form prescribed by the commission;
17	(2) state the following:
18	(A) the name of the individual who ceased to be a candidate;
19	(B) the date and reason the individual ceased to be a
20	candidate; and
21	(C) the name of the individual who will replace the candidate
22	as:
23	(i) the individual wants the individual's name to appear on
24	the ballot; and
25	(ii) the individual's name is permitted to appear on the ballot
26	under IC 3-5-7; and
27	(3) be accompanied by the following:
28	(A) The replacement candidate's consent to be nominated by
29	the petition and, if other candidates were listed on the petition,
30	the signed consent of those candidates to be the replacement.
31	(B) The former candidate's statement of withdrawal in a form
32	substantially similar to the form prescribed under IC 3-8-7-28
33	if the individual withdrew as a candidate.
34	A replacement candidate's consent to the nomination must include a
35	statement that the candidate requests the name on the candidate's voter
36	registration record be the same as the name the candidate uses on the
37	consent to the nomination. If there is a difference between the name on
38	the candidate's consent to the nomination and the name on the
39	candidate's voter registration record, the officer with whom the consent
40	to the nomination is filed shall forward the information to the voter
41	registration officer of the appropriate county as required by
42	IC 3-5-7-6(e). The voter registration officer of the appropriate county



1	shall change the name on the candidate's voter registration record to be	
2	the same as the name on the candidate's consent to the nomination.	
3	(c) This subsection applies to a candidate described in subsection	
4	(a) who sought a local office other than a local office described by	
5	IC 3-8-2-5. The county, city, or town chairman of the political party	
6	may file a written statement that conforms with subsection (b) with the	
7	election board conducting the election for the local office.	
8	(d) The statement required under subsection (b) or (c) must be filed	
9	not later than the final date and time for the certification of presidential	
10	and vice presidential nominees under IC 3-10-4-5.	
11	(e) If a petition of nomination is circulated or filed by an	
12	independent candidate and that individual ceases to be a candidate,	
13	another candidate may not be substituted on the petition of nomination.	
14	SECTION 22. IC 3-8-7-11 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
15	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 11. (a) Except as	
16	provided in subsection (f), if a political party has filed a statement with	
17	the election division (or any of its predecessors) that the device	
18	selected by the political party be used to designate the candidates of the	
19	political party on the ballot for all elections throughout the state, the	
20	device must be used until:	
21	(1) the device is changed in accordance with party rules; and	
22	(2) a statement concerning the use of the new device is filed with	
23	the election division.	
24	(b) Except as provided in subsection (c), the device may be any	
25	appropriate symbol.	
26	(c) A political party or an independent candidate may not use as a	
27	device:	
28	(1) a symbol that has previously been filed by a political party or	
29	candidate with the election division (or any of its predecessors);	
30	(2) the coat of arms or seal of the state or of the United States;	
31	(3) the national or state flag; or	
32	(4) any other emblem common to the people.	
33	(d) Not later than noon, August 20, before each election:	
34	(1) the state chairman of each political party whose candidates are	
35	to be certified under this section; or	
36	(2) an individual filing a petition of nomination for candidates to	
37	be certified under this section;	
38	shall file with the election division a camera-ready copy of the device	
39	under which the candidates of the political party or the petitioner are	
40	to be listed so that ballots may be prepared using the best possible	
41	reproduction of the device.	
42	(e) This subsection applies to a candidate or political party whose	



1	name or device is to be printed only on ballots prepared by a county
2	election board. Not later than noon, August 20, the chairman of the
3	political party or the petitioner of nomination shall file a camera-ready
4	copy of the device under which the candidates of the political party or
5	the petitioner are to be listed with the county election board of each
6	county in which the name of the candidate or party will be placed on
7	the ballot. The county election board shall provide the
8	camera-ready copy of the device to the town election board of a
9	town located wholly or partially within the county upon request by
10	the town election board.
11	(f) If a copy of the device is not filed in accordance with subsection
12	(c) or (d) or (e), or unless a device is designated in accordance with
13	section 26 or 27 of this chapter, the election division, or county election
14	board, or town election board is not required to use any device to
15	designate the list of candidates.
16	SECTION 23. IC 3-8-7-16, AS AMENDED BY P.L.66-2003,
17	SECTION 19, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
18	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 16. (a) This section does not apply to the
19	certification of nominees under IC 3-10-4-5.
20	(b) The election division shall certify the following to each county
21	election board not later than noon August 20 seventy-four (74) days
22	before an a general election:
23	(1) The name and place of residence of each person nominated for
24	election to:
25	(A) an office for which the electorate of the whole state may
26	vote;
27	(B) the United States House of Representatives;
28	(C) a legislative office; or
29	(D) a local office for which a declaration of candidacy must be
30	filed with the election division under IC 3-8-2.
31	(2) The name of each:
32	(A) justice of the supreme court;
33	(B) judge of the court of appeals; and
34	(C) judge of the tax court;
35	who is subject to a retention vote by the electorate and who has
36	filed a statement under IC 33-2.1-2-6 indicating that the justice or
37	judge wishes to have the question of the justice's or judge's
38	retention placed on the ballot.
39	(c) Subject to compliance with section 11 of this chapter, the
40	election division shall designate the device under which the list of



candidates of each political party will be printed and the order in which

the political party ticket will be arranged under IC 3-10-4-2 and









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1	IC 3-11-2-6.	
2	SECTION 24. IC 3-9-1-12, AS AMENDED BY P.L.126-2002,	
3	SECTION 33, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
4	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 12. (a) A committee may disband at any time	
5	in the manner prescribed by this section.	
6	(b) The commission or a county election board may administratively	
7	disband a committee in the manner prescribed by this section.	
8	(c) The commission has exclusive jurisdiction to disband any of the	
9	following:	
0	(1) A candidate's committee for state office.	
1	(2) A candidate's committee for legislative office.	
2	(3) A legislative caucus committee.	
3	(4) A political action committee that has filed a statement or	
4	report with the election division.	
5	(5) A regular party committee that has filed a statement or report	
6	with the election division.	
7	(d) A county election board has exclusive jurisdiction to disband	
8	any of the following:	
9	(1) A candidate's committee for a local office.	
20	(2) A candidate's committee for a school board office.	
21	(3) A political action committee that has filed a statement or	
22	report with the election board, unless the political action	
23	committee has also filed a report with the election division.	
24	(4) A regular party committee that has filed a statement or report	
25	with the election board, unless the regular party committee has	
26	also filed a report with the election division.	
27	(e) The commission or a county election board may administratively	
28	disband a committee in the following manner:	V
29	(1) Not later than the last Friday of January of each year, the	
0	election division or county election board shall review the list of	
1	committees that have filed statements of organization with the	
32	division or board under this article.	
3	(2) If the election division or county election board determines	
34	both of the following, that the committee has not filed any	
35	report of expenditures during the previous three (3) calendar	
66	years, the election division or county election board may begin a	
37	proceeding before the commission or board to administratively	
8	disband the committee.	
19	(A) The committee has not filed any report of expenditures	
10	during the previous three (3) calendar years.	
1	(B) The committee last reported cash on hand in an amount	
12	that does not exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000), if the	
	(+-,), 11	



1	committee filed a report under this article.
2	(3) The election division or county election board shall provide
3	notice of the proceeding by certified mail to the last known
4	address of the chairman and treasurer of the committee.
5	(4) The commission or board may issue an order administratively
6	dissolving the committee and waiving any outstanding civil
7	penalty previously imposed by the commission or board, if the
8	commission or board makes the following findings:
9	(A) There is no evidence that the committee continues to
10	receive contributions, make expenditures, or otherwise
11	function as a committee.
12	(B) The prudent use of public resources makes further efforts
13	to collect any outstanding civil penalty imposed against the
14	committee wasteful or unjust.
15	(C) According to the best evidence available to the
16	commission or board, the dissolution of the committee will not
17	impair any contract or impede the collection of a debt or
18	judgment by any person.
19	(5) The election division shall arrange for the publication in the
20	Indiana Register of an order administratively disbanding a
21	committee. A county election board shall publish a notice under
22	IC 5-3-1 stating that the board has disbanded a committee under
23	this subsection. The notice must state the date of the order and the
24	name of the committee, but the board is not required to publish
25	the text of the order.
26	(6) An order issued under this subsection takes effect immediately
27	upon its adoption, unless otherwise specified in the order.
28	(f) If the chairman or treasurer of a committee wishes to disband the
29	committee, the committee must do either of the following:
30	(1) Give written notification of the dissolution and transfer a
31	surplus of contributions less expenditures to any one (1) or a
32	combination of the following:
33	(A) One (1) or more regular party committees.
34	(B) One (1) or more candidate's committees.
35	(C) The election division.
36	(D) An organization exempt from federal income taxation
37	under Section 501 of the Internal Revenue Code.
38	(E) Contributors to the committee, on a pro rata basis.
39	(2) Use the surplus in any other manner permitted under
40	IC 3-9-3-4.
41	(g) Except as provided in subsection (e) concerning the waiver of
42	civil penalties, a dissolution or transfer of funds does not relieve the



1	committee or the committee's members from civil or criminal liability.	
2	SECTION 25. IC 3-9-4-14, AS AMENDED BY P.L.176-1999,	
3	SECTION 44, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
4	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 14. (a) The election division and each county	
5	election board shall do all of the following:	
6	(1) Ascertain whether candidates, committees, or other persons	
7	have:	
8	(A) failed to file statements of organization or reports; or	
9	(B) filed defective statements of organization or reports.	
10	(2) Give the following notices:	1
11	(A) To delinquents to file a statement of organization or a	
12	report immediately upon receipt of the notice. A delinquency	· ·
13	notice for a report must be given not later than thirty (30)	
14	days after the date the report was required to be filed. The	
15	election division or a county election board may, but is not	
16	required to, give delinquency notices at other times.	4
17	(B) To persons filing defective reports to make a supplemental	
18	statement or report correcting all defects not later than noon	
19	five (5) calendar days after receipt of the notice.	
20	(3) Make available for public inspection a list of delinquents and	
21	persons who have failed to file the required supplemental	
22	statement or report. The election division and each county	
23	election board shall post a list of delinquents in a public place at	
24	or near the entrance of the commission's or board's respective	•
25	offices.	
26	(b) The election division shall mail:	
27	(1) to each candidate required to file a campaign finance report	<b>\</b>
28	with the election division; and	
29	(2) twenty-one (21) days before the campaign finance reports are	
30	due;	
31	the proper campaign finance report forms and a notice that states the	
32	date the campaign finance reports are due. The election division is	
33	required to mail notices and forms only to candidates for state offices	
34	and legislative offices. A county election board may, but is not required	
35	to, implement this subsection for candidates for local offices.	
36	(c) Notwithstanding any notice given to a delinquent under	
37	subsection (a) or (b), the delinquent remains liable for a civil penalty	
38	in the full amount permitted under this chapter for failing to file a	
39	campaign finance report or statement of organization not later than the	
40	date and time prescribed under this article.	

SECTION 26. IC 3-9-4-16, AS AMENDED BY P.L.66-2003,

SECTION 23, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE



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1	JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 16. (a) In addition to any other penalty imposed,
2	a person who does any of the following is subject to a civil penalty
3	under this section:
4	(1) Fails to file with the election division a report in the manner
5	required under IC 3-9-5.
6	(2) Fails to file a statement of organization required under
7	IC 3-9-1.
8	(3) Is a committee or a member of a committee who disburses or
9	expends money or other property for any political purpose before
10	the money or other property has passed through the hands of the
11	treasurer of the committee.
12	(4) Makes a contribution other than to a committee subject to this
13	article or to a person authorized by law or a committee to receive
14	contributions on the committee's behalf.
15	(5) Is a corporation or labor organization that exceeds any of the
16	limitations on contributions prescribed by IC 3-9-2-4.
17	(6) Makes a contribution in the name of another person.
18	(7) Accepts a contribution made by one (1) person in the name of
19	another person.
20	(8) Is not the treasurer of a committee subject to this article, and
21	pays any expenses of an election or a caucus except as authorized
22	by this article.
23	(9) Commingles the funds of a committee with the personal funds
24	of an officer, a member, or an associate of the committee.
25	(10) Wrongfully uses campaign contributions in violation of
26	IC 3-9-3-4.
27	(11) Violates IC 3-9-2-12.
28	(12) Fails to designate a contribution as required by IC 3-9-2-5(c).
29	(13) Violates IC 3-9-3-5.
30	(14) Serves as a treasurer of a committee in violation of any
31	of the following:
32	(A) IC 3-9-1-13(1).
33	(B) IC 3-9-1-13(2).
34	(C) IC 3-9-1-18.
35	(b) This subsection applies to a person who is subject to a civil
36	penalty under subsection (a)(1) or (a)(2) for filing a defective report or
37	statement. If the commission determines that a person failed to file the
38	amended report or statement of organization not later than noon five (5)
39	days after being given notice under section 14 of this chapter, the
40	commission may assess a civil penalty. The penalty is ten dollars (\$10)
41	for each day the report is late after the expiration of the five (5) day
42	period, not to exceed one hundred dollars (\$100) plus any investigative



costs incurred and documented by the election division. The civil penalty limit under this subsection applies to each report separately.

- (c) This subsection applies to a person who is subject to a civil penalty under subsection (a)(1) or (a)(2) for a delinquent report or statement. If the commission determines that a person failed to file the report or statement of organization by the deadline prescribed under this article, the commission shall assess a civil penalty. The penalty is fifty dollars (\$50) for each day the report or statement is late, with the afternoon of the final date for filing the report or statement being calculated as the first day. The civil penalty under this subsection may not exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000) plus any investigative costs incurred and documented by the election division. The civil penalty limit under this subsection applies to each report separately.
- (d) This subsection applies to a person who is subject to a civil penalty under subsection (a)(3), (a)(4), (a)(6), (a)(7), (a)(8), (a)(9), or (a)(10). If the commission determines that a person is subject to a civil penalty under subsection (a), the commission may assess a civil penalty of not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000), plus any investigative costs incurred and documented by the election division.
- (e) This subsection applies to a person who is subject to a civil penalty under subsection (a)(5). If the commission determines that a person is subject to a civil penalty under subsection (a)(5), the commission may assess a civil penalty of not more than three (3) times the amount of the contribution in excess of the limit prescribed by IC 3-9-2-4, plus any investigative costs incurred and documented by the election division.
- (f) This subsection applies to a person who is subject to a civil penalty under subsection (a)(11). If the commission determines that a candidate or the candidate's committee has violated IC 3-9-2-12, the commission shall assess a civil penalty equal to the greater of the following, plus any investigative costs incurred and documented by the election division:
  - (1) Two (2) times the amount of any contributions received.
  - (2) One thousand dollars (\$1,000).
- (g) This subsection applies to a person who is subject to a civil penalty under subsection (a)(12). If the commission determines that a corporation or a labor organization has failed to designate a contribution in violation of IC 3-9-2-5(c), the commission shall assess a civil penalty equal to the greater of the following, plus any investigative costs incurred and documented by the election division:
  - (1) Two (2) times the amount of the contributions undesignated.
  - (2) One thousand dollars (\$1,000).



2.8







1	(h) This subsection applies to a person who is subject to a civil
2	penalty under subsection (a)(13). If the commission determines, by
3	unanimous vote of the entire membership of the commission, that a
4	person has violated IC 3-9-3-5, the commission may assess a civil
5	penalty of not more than five hundred dollars (\$500), plus any
6	investigative costs incurred and documented by the election division.
7	(i) This subsection applies to a person who is subject to a civil
8	penalty under subsection (a)(14). If the commission determines, by
9	unanimous vote of the entire membership of the commission, that
0	a person has served as the treasurer of a committee in violation of
.1	any of the statutes listed in subsection (a)(14), the commission may
2	assess a civil penalty of not more than five hundred dollars (\$500),
.3	plus any investigative costs incurred and documented by the
.4	election division.
.5	(j) All civil penalties collected under this section shall be deposited
.6	with the treasurer of state in the campaign finance enforcement
.7	account.
. 8	(j) (k) Proceedings of the commission under this section are subject
9	to IC 4-21.5.
20	SECTION 27. IC 3-9-4-17, AS AMENDED BY P.L.66-2003,
21	SECTION 24, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
22	JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 17. (a) In addition to any other penalty imposed,
23	a person who does any of the following is subject to a civil penalty
24	under this section:
25	(1) Fails to file with a county election board a report in the
26	manner required under IC 3-9-5.
27	(2) Fails to file a statement of organization required under
28	IC 3-9-1.
29	(3) Is a committee or a member of a committee who disburses or
30	expends money or other property for any political purpose before
31	the money or other property has passed through the hands of the
32	treasurer of the committee.
3	(4) Makes a contribution other than to a committee subject to this
34	article or to a person authorized by law or a committee to receive
55	contributions in the committee's behalf.
56	(5) Is a corporation or labor organization that exceeds any of the
57	limitations on contributions prescribed by IC 3-9-2-4.
8	(6) Makes a contribution in the name of another person.
19	(7) Accepts a contribution made by one (1) person in the name of
10	another person.
1	(8) Is not the treasurer of a committee subject to this article, and
-2	pays any expenses of an election or a caucus except as authorized



	21	
1	by this article.	
2	(9) Commingles the funds of a committee with the personal funds	
3	of an officer, a member, or an associate of the committee.	
4	(10) Wrongfully uses campaign contributions in violation of	
5	IC 3-9-3-4.	
6	(11) Fails to designate a contribution as required by IC 3-9-2-5(c).	
7	(12) Violates IC 3-9-3-5.	
8	(13) Serves as a treasurer of a committee in violation of any	
9	of the following:	
10	(A) IC 3-9-1-13(1).	1
11	(B) IC 3-9-1-13(2).	
12	(C) IC 3-9-1-18.	
13	(b) This subsection applies to a person who is subject to a civil	
14	penalty under subsection (a)(1) or (a)(2) for filing a defective report or	
15	statement. If the county election board determines that a person failed	
16	to file the report or a statement of organization not later than noon five	4
17	(5) days after being given notice under section 14 of this chapter, the	•
18	county election board may assess a civil penalty. The penalty is ten	
19	dollars (\$10) for each day the report is late after the expiration of the	
20	five (5) day period, not to exceed one hundred dollars (\$100) plus any	
21	investigative costs incurred and documented by the board. The civil	
22	penalty limit under this subsection applies to each report separately.	
23	(c) This subsection applies to a person who is subject to a civil	
24	penalty under subsection (a)(1) or (a)(2) for a delinquent report or	
25	statement. If the county election board determines that a person failed	
26	to file the report or statement of organization by the deadline prescribed	_
27	under this article, the board shall assess a civil penalty. The penalty is	1
28	fifty dollars (\$50) for each day the report is late, with the afternoon of	
29	the final date for filing the report or statement being calculated as the	١
30	first day. The civil penalty under this subsection may not exceed one	
31	thousand dollars (\$1,000) plus any investigative costs incurred and	
32	documented by the board. The civil penalty limit under this subsection	
33	applies to each report separately.	
34	(d) This subsection applies to a person who is subject to a civil	
35	penalty under subsection $(a)(3)$ , $(a)(4)$ , $(a)(6)$ , $(a)(7)$ , $(a)(8)$ , $(a)(9)$ , or	
36	(a)(10). If the county election board determines that a person is subject	
37	to a civil penalty under subsection (a), the board may assess a civil	
38	penalty of not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000), plus any	
39	investigative costs incurred and documented by the board.	

(e) This subsection applies to a person who is subject to a civil

penalty under subsection (a)(5). If the county election board determines

that a person is subject to a civil penalty under subsection (a)(5), the



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board may assess a civil penalty of not more than three (3) times the amount of the contribution in excess of the limit prescribed by IC 3-9-2-4, plus any investigative costs incurred and documented by the board.

- (f) This subsection applies to a person who is subject to a civil penalty under subsection (a)(11). If the county election board determines that a corporation or a labor organization has failed to designate a contribution in violation of IC 3-9-2-5(c), the board shall assess a civil penalty equal to the greater of the following, plus any investigative costs incurred and documented by the board:
  - (1) Two (2) times the amount of the contributions undesignated.
  - (2) One thousand dollars (\$1,000).
- (g) This subsection applies to a person who is subject to a civil penalty under subsection (a)(12). If the county election board determines, by unanimous vote of the entire membership of the board, that a person has violated IC 3-9-3-5, the board may assess a civil penalty of not more than five hundred dollars (\$500), plus any investigative costs incurred and documented by the board.
- (h) This subsection applies to a person who is subject to a civil penalty under subsection (a)(13). If the county election board determines, by unanimous vote of the entire membership of the board, that a person has served as the treasurer of a committee in violation of any of the statutes listed in subsection (a)(13), the board may assess a civil penalty of not more than five hundred dollars (\$500), plus any investigative costs incurred and documented by the board.
- (i) All civil penalties collected under this section shall be deposited with the county treasurer to be deposited by the county treasurer in a separate account to be known as the campaign finance enforcement account. The funds in the account are available, with the approval of the county fiscal body, to augment and supplement the funds appropriated for the administration of this article.
- (i) (j) Money in the campaign finance enforcement account does not revert to the county general fund at the end of a county fiscal year.
- (j) (k) Proceedings of the county election board under this section are subject to IC 4-21.5.

SECTION 28. IC 3-9-5-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.199-2001, SECTION 17, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 9. (a) Except as provided in subsections (b) and (c), in a year in which a candidate is not a candidate for election to an office to which this article applies or does not seek nomination at a caucus or state convention for election to an office to which this article











applies, the treasurer of the candidate's committee shall file only the report required by section 10 of this chapter.

- (b) This subsection applies to a candidate who holds one (1) office and is a candidate for a different office (or has filed a statement of organization for an exploratory committee without indicating that the individual is a candidate for a specific office). The treasurer of the candidate's committee for the office the candidate holds shall file the following reports:
  - (1) If the committee spends, transfers in, or transfers out at least ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) from January 1 until twenty-five (25) days before the primary election, the treasurer shall file a pre-primary report under section 6 of this chapter.
  - (2) If the committee spends, transfers in, or transfers out at least ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) from twenty-five (25) days before the primary election until twenty-five (25) days before the general election, the treasurer shall file a pre-general election report under section 6 of this chapter.
  - (3) The report required under section 10 of this chapter.
- (c) This subsection applies to a candidate who is required to file a pre-primary report or pre-convention report under section 6 of this chapter and who:
  - (1) is defeated at the primary election or convention; or
  - (2) withdraws or is disqualified as a candidate before the general election.

The treasurer of a candidate's committee described by this subsection is not required to file a pre-general election report under section 6 of this chapter but shall file the report required by section 10 of this chapter.

(d) This subsection applies to a candidate for election to a city office or a town office. If a municipal primary is not conducted in the municipality by one (1) or more parties authorized to conduct a primary, the candidate must file a report in accordance with the schedule set forth in section 6 of this chapter as if the primary were conducted. If a municipal election is not conducted in the municipality, the candidate must file a report in accordance with section 6 of this chapter as if the municipal election were conducted.

SECTION 29. IC 3-10-1-31, AS AMENDED BY P.L.209-2003, SECTION 101, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 31. (a) The inspector of each precinct shall deliver the bags required by section 30(a) and 30(c) of this chapter in good condition, together with poll lists, tally sheets, and











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1	other forms, to the circuit court clerk when making returns.	
2	(b) Except for unused ballots disposed of under IC 3-11-3-31, the	
3	circuit court clerk shall carefully preserve the ballots and other material	
4	and keep all seals intact for twenty-two (22) months, as required by 42	
5	U.S.C. 1974, after which they may be destroyed unless:	
6	(1) an order issued under IC 3-12-6-19 or IC 3-12-11-16; or	
7	(2) 42 U.S.C. 1973;	
8	requires the continued preservation of the ballots or other material.	
9	(c) This subsection applies before January 1, 2006. Upon delivery	
10	of the poll lists, the the county voter registration office may unseal the	
11	envelopes containing the poll lists. For the purposes of	
12	(1) a cancellation of registration conducted under IC 3-7-43	
13	through IC 3-7-46;	
14	(2) a transfer of registration conducted under IC 3-7-39,	
15	IC 3-7-40, or IC 3-7-42;	
16	(3) adding the registration of a voter under IC 3-7-48-8; or	
17	(4) recording that a voter subject to IC 3-7-33-4.5 submitted the	
18	documentation	
19	updating registration records to include information set forth on	
20	the lists required under 42 U.S.C. 15843 and IC 3-11-8 or IC 3-11-10,	
21	the county voter registration office may inspect the poll lists and update	
22	the registration record of the county. The county voter registration	
23	office shall use the poll lists to update the registration record to include	
24	the voter's voter identification number if the voter's voter identification	
25	number is not already included in the registration record. Upon	
26	completion of the inspection, the poll list shall be resealed and	
27	preserved with the ballots and other materials for the time period	
28	prescribed by subsection (b).	
29	(d) This subsection applies after December 31, 2005. Upon delivery	
30	of the poll lists, the county voter registration office may unseal the	
31	envelopes containing the poll lists. For purposes of	
32	(1) a cancellation of registration conducted under IC 3-7-43	
33	through IC 3-7-46; or	
34	(2) a transfer of registration conducted under IC 3-7-39,	
35	<del>IC 3-7-40, or</del> <del>IC 3-7-42;</del>	
36	updating registration records to include information set forth on	
37	the lists, the county voter registration office may inspect the poll lists	
38	and update the registration record of the county. The county voter	
39	registration office shall use the poll lists to update the registration	
40	record to include the voter's current voter identification number if the	

voter's voter identification number is not included in the registration

record. Upon completion of the inspection, the poll list shall be



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resealed and preserved with the ballots and other materials for the time period prescribed by subsection (b).

(e) After the expiration of the period described in subsection (b), the ballots may be destroyed in the manner provided by IC 3-11-3-31 or transferred to a state educational institution as provided by IC 3-12-2-12.

SECTION 30. IC 3-10-6-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.122-2000, SECTION 12, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 5. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, a municipal election shall be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November 2003 2007 and every four (4) years thereafter. At the election, public officials shall be elected to each municipal and school board office.

SECTION 31. IC 3-10-6-8 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 8. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, the county election board, county executive, circuit court clerk, voters, and members of political parties in each county in which a municipal primary election or municipal election will be held have the rights and shall perform the duties and furnish the assistance that they are required to do for a primary and general election under IC 3-10-1 and IC 3-11-8.

SECTION 32. IC 3-10-7-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.66-2003, SECTION 33, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 4. (a) A county election board and a town may enter into a written agreement providing that the county election board will conduct a municipal election in the town.

- (b) A town that enters into an agreement described in subsection (a) shall continue to nominate candidates by convention conducted under IC 3-8-5 or by petition filed under IC 3-8-6 unless the town nominates candidates in a primary election as provided in IC 3-8-5-2.
- (c) An agreement may not be entered into after July + September 21 of a year in which a municipal election is to be held in the town.
- (d) A county election board that enters into an agreement under this section shall conduct the municipal election in the same manner as it conducts a general election in a town that has a population of three thousand five hundred (3,500) or more.

SECTION 33. IC 3-10-7-5.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 5.5. (a) The county election board shall conduct a municipal election in a town that has a population of less than five hundred (500) unless the town legislative body adopts a resolution during the period:

(1) beginning January 1; and









1	(2) ending April 1; August 8;
2	before the municipal election to establish a town election board under
3	this chapter to conduct the municipal election.
4	(b) The town clerk-treasurer must file a copy of the resolution with
5	the circuit court clerk of the county having the greatest percentage of
6	the population of the town before May + not later than noon August
7	21 after the resolution is adopted.
8	(c) A resolution adopted under this section expires December 31
9	after its adoption.
10	SECTION 34. IC 3-10-7-21 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
11	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 21. Except as otherwise
12	provided in this chapter, a town election board conducting a municipal
13	election under this chapter, the town executive, the town
14	clerk-treasurer, voters, and members of political parties in each town
15	in which a municipal election is conducted under this chapter have the
16	same rights and powers, shall perform the same duties, and are subject
17	to the same qualifications and penalties as a county election board that
18	is conducting a general election, or the county executive, circuit court
19	clerk, or member of a political party in a town in which a general
20	election is conducted by the county election board.
21	SECTION 35. IC 3-10-8-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
22	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 6. (a) Except as
23	provided in subsection (b) or (c), if a special election is held at a time
24	other than the time of a general election, the election shall be held in
25	accordance with this title. Each county election board and other local
26	public official who is required to perform any duties in connection with
27	a general election shall perform the same duties for the special election,
28	subject to the same provisions and penalties as for a general election.
29	(b) If a special election is held:
30	(1) under a court order under IC 3-12-8; or
31	(2) for a local public question;
32	the county election board may provide that several precincts may vote
33	in the special election at the same polling place, if the county election
34	board finds by unanimous vote of the entire membership of the board
35	that the consolidation of polling places will not result in undue
36	inconvenience to voters.
37	(c) If a special election is held:
38	(1) under a court order under IC 3-12-8 for a school board office;
39	or
40	(2) for a local public question;
41	the county election board may by unanimous vote of the entire
42	membership of the board adopt a resolution to provide that each



1	precinct election board will include only one (1) inspector and one (1)
2	judge, and that only one (1) sheriff and one (1) poll clerk may be
3	nominated as precinct election officers. If the board has adopted a
4	resolution under subsection (b), a resolution adopted under this
5	subsection may also provide for more than one (1) precinct to be
6	served by the same precinct election board. A resolution adopted
7	under this subsection may not be rescinded by the county election
8	board and expires the day after the special election is conducted.
9	(d) The following procedures apply if a county election board adopts
10	a resolution under subsection (c):
11	(1) The inspector shall be nominated by the county chairman
12	entitled to nominate an inspector under IC 3-6-6-8.
13	(2) The judge shall act as a clerk whenever this title requires that
14	two (2) clerks perform a duty.
15	(3) The poll clerk shall act as a judge whenever this title requires
16	that two (2) judges perform a duty.
17	SECTION 36. IC 3-11-1.5-33 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
18	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 33. (a) If the
19	boundaries of a municipality are extended before
20	(1) thirty (30) days before a municipal primary election or
21	(2) thirty (30) days before a municipal election,
22	and the territory within those boundaries has not been included in
23	precincts wholly within the municipality, the voters within the extended
24	boundaries may vote, if otherwise qualified, in the municipal primary
25	election or municipal election.
26	(b) The voters may vote in the precinct in which they have their
27	residence as if the precinct had been established to include them in a
28	precinct wholly within the municipality. These votes shall be counted
29	and included in the canvass of the votes cast in the municipal primary
30	election or municipal election.
31	SECTION 37. IC 3-11-2-12.7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
32	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 12.7. (a) This section
33	applies to candidates for election to at-large seats on the fiscal or
34	legislative body of a political subdivision.
35	(b) Candidates shall be listed in alphabetical order according to
36	surname within each row or column on the ballot.
37	(c) In each row or column on the ballot in which the names of
38	candidates appear, the ballot shall contain a statement reading
39	substantially as follows above the name of the first candidate: "Vote for
40	not more than (insert number of candidates to be elected) candidates of

(d) If more than one (1) candidate for an at-large seat was

ANY party or ticket for this office.".



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nominated by the same petition of nomination, these candidates shall be listed in alphabetical order by surname within the same row or column on the ballot, with the position of the row or column being determined under section 6 of this chapter.

SECTION 38. IC 3-11-3-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.126-2002, SECTION 39, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 2. (a) The election division shall have printed and shall distribute to the circuit court clerk of each county at each general election the following:

- (1) If only paper ballots are used, the number of state paper ballots (and presidential ballots in a presidential election year) equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the number of voters in the county.
- (2) If voting machines, ballot card voting systems, or electronic voting systems are used, only the number of presidential and state paper ballots that, in the election division's judgment, are necessary to meet an emergency.
- (3) After December 31, 2003, The number of provisional ballots for state offices (and provisional ballots for electors for President of the United States in presidential election years) that the election division considers necessary.
- (b) The paper ballots shall be wrapped in packages, plainly marked, and securely sealed.
- (c) The provisional ballots shall be separately wrapped in packages from the other paper ballots, plainly marked, and securely sealed.
- (d) The clerk shall give a receipt for the paper ballots and the provisional ballots.

SECTION 39. IC 3-11-4-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.126-2002, SECTION 47, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1. (a) A voter who is otherwise qualified to vote in person is entitled to vote by absentee ballot. Except as otherwise provided in this article, a voter voting by absentee ballot must vote in the office of the circuit court clerk (or board of elections and registration in a county subject to IC 3-6-5.2) or at a satellite office established under IC 3-11-10-26.3.

- (b) A county election board, by unanimous vote of its entire membership, may authorize a person who is otherwise qualified to vote in person to vote by absentee ballot if the board determines that the person has been hospitalized or suffered an injury following the final date and hour for applying for an absentee ballot that would prevent the person from voting in person at the polls.
  - (c) The commission, by unanimous vote of its entire membership,











1	may authorize a person who is otherwise qualified to vote in person to
2	vote by absentee ballot if the commission determines that ar
3	emergency prevents the person from voting in person at a polling place
4	(d) The absentee ballots used in subsection (b) or (c) must be the
5	same official absentee ballots as described in section 12 and 13 of this
6	chapter. Taking into consideration the amount of time remaining before
7	the election, the commission shall determine whether the absented
8	ballots are transmitted to and from the voter by mail or personally
9	delivered. An absentee ballot that is personally delivered shall comply
10	with the requirements in sections 19, 20, and 21 of this chapter.
11	SECTION 40. IC 3-11-4-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-2003
12	SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
13	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b)
14	and section 6 of this chapter, an application for an absentee ballot mus
15	be received by the circuit court clerk (or, in a county subject to
16	IC 3-6-5.2, the director of the board of elections and registration) no
17	earlier than ninety (90) days before election day nor later than the
18	following:
19	(1) Noon on election day if the voter registers to vote under
20	IC 3-7-36-14.
21	(2) Noon on the day before election day if the voter completes the
22	application in the office of the circuit court clerk or is an absent
23	uniformed services voter or overseas voter who requests that
24	the ballot be transmitted by fax under section 6(g) of this
25	chapter.
26	(3) Noon on the day before election day if:
27	(A) the application is a mailed or hand delivered application
28	from a confined voter or voter caring for a confined person
29	and
30	(B) the applicant requests that the absentee ballots be
31	delivered to the applicant by an absentee voter board.
32	(4) Midnight on the eighth day before election day if the
33	application:
34	(A) is a mailed application; or
35	(B) was transmitted by fax;
36	from other voters.
37	(b) This subsection applies to an absentee ballot application from a
38	confined voter or voter caring for a confined person that is sent by fax

mailed, or hand delivered to the circuit court clerk of a county having

a consolidated city. An application subject to this subsection that is

sent by fax or hand delivered must be received by the circuit court clerk

not earlier than ninety (90) days before election day nor later than 10





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1	p.m. on the fifth day before election day. An application subject to this
2	subsection that is mailed must be received by the circuit court clerk not
3	earlier than ninety (90) days before election day and not later than 10
4	p.m. on the eighth day before election day.
5	SECTION 41. IC 3-11-4-18, AS AMENDED BY P.L.209-2003,
6	SECTION 116, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
7	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 18. (a) If a voter satisfies any of the
8	following, the county election board shall, at the request of the voter,
9	mail the official ballot, postage fully prepaid, to the voter at the address
10	stated in the application:
11	(1) The voter will be absent from the county on election day.
12	(2) The voter will be absent from the precinct of the voter's
13	residence on election day because of service as:
14	(A) a precinct election officer under IC 3-6-6;
15	(B) a watcher under IC 3-6-8, IC 3-6-9, or IC 3-6-10;
16	(C) a challenger or pollbook holder under IC 3-6-7; or
17	(D) a person employed by an election board to administer the
18	election for which the absentee ballot is requested.
19	(3) The voter will be confined on election day to the voter's
20	residence, to a health care facility, or to a hospital because of an
21	illness or injury.
22	(4) The voter is a voter with disabilities.
23	(5) The voter is an elderly voter.
24	(6) The voter is prevented from voting due to the voter's care of
25	an individual confined to a private residence because of illness or
26	injury.
27	(7) The voter is scheduled to work at the person's regular place of
28	employment during the entire twelve (12) hours that the polls are
29	open.
30	(8) The voter is eligible to vote under IC 3-10-11 or IC 3-10-12.
31	(b) This subsection applies after December 31, 2003. If the county
32	election board mails an absentee ballot to a voter required to file
33	additional documentation with the county voter registration office
34	before voting by absentee ballot under this chapter, the board shall
35	include a notice to the voter in the envelope mailed to the voter under
36	section 20 of this chapter. The notice must inform the voter that the
	voter must file the additional documentation required under
37	
37 38	IC 3-7-33-4.5 with the county voter registration office not later than
	noon on election day for the absentee ballot to be counted. The
38	

(1) on the day of the receipt of the voter's application; or



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1	(2) not more than five (5) days after the date of delivery of the
2	ballots under section 15 of this chapter;
3	whichever is later.
4	(d) In addition to the ballot mailed under subsection (c), the county
5	election board shall mail a special absentee ballot for overseas voters.
6	(e) The ballot described in subsection (d):
7	(1) must be mailed:
8	(A) on the day of the receipt of the voter's application; or
9	(B) not more than five (5) days after the <b>latest</b> date of for
10	delivery of the ballots under section 13(b) of this chapter
11	applicable to that election;
12	whichever is later; and
13	(2) may not be mailed after the absentee ballots described by
14	section 13(a) of this chapter have been delivered to the circuit
15	court clerk or the clerk's authorized deputy.
16	(f) This subsection applies after December 31, 2005. As required by
17	42 U.S.C. 15481, an election board must establish a voter education
18	program (specific to a paper ballot or optical scan ballot card provided
19	as an absentee ballot under this chapter) to notify a voter of the effect
20	of casting multiple ballots for a single office.
21	(g) This subsection applies after December 31, 2005. As provided
22	by 42 U.S.C. 15481, when an absentee ballot is mailed under this
23	section, the mailing must include:
24	(1) information concerning the effect of casting multiple votes for
25	an office; and
26	(2) instructions on how to correct the ballot before the ballot is
27	cast and counted, including the issuance of replacement ballots.
28	SECTION 42. IC 3-11-8-15, AS AMENDED BY P.L.209-2003,
29	SECTION 130, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
30	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 15. (a) Only the following
31	persons other than are permitted in the polls during an election:
32	(1) Members of a precinct election board.
33	(2) Poll clerks and assistant poll clerks.
34	(3) Election sheriffs.
35	(4) Deputy election commissioners.
36	(5) Pollbook holders.
37	(6) Watchers. <del>and</del>
38	(7) Voters for the purposes of voting.
39	(8) Minor children accompanying voters as provided under
40	IC 3-11-11-8 and IC 3-11-12-29. <del>and</del>
41	(8) (9) An assistant to a precinct election officer appointed under
42	IC 3-6-6-39.



1	are not permitted in the polls during an election except for the purpose	
2	of voting.	
3	(10) A member of a county election board, acting on behalf of	
4	the board.	
5	(11) A mechanic authorized to act on behalf of a county	
6	election board to repair a voting system (if the mechanic bears	
7	credentials signed by each member of the board).	
8	(b) This subsection applies to a simulated election for minors	
9	conducted with the authorization of the county election board. An	
10	individual participating in the simulated election may be in the polls for	
11	the purpose of voting. A person supervising the simulated election may	
12	be in the polls to perform the supervision.	
13	(c) The inspector of a precinct has authority over all simulated	
14	election activities conducted under subsection (b) and shall ensure that	
15	the simulated election activities do not interfere with the election	
16	conducted in that polling place.	
17	SECTION 43. IC 3-11-9-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
18	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. (a) A voter who:	
19	(1) is a voter with disabilities; or	
20	(2) is unable to read or write English;	
21	may request assistance in voting before entering the voting booth and	
22	designate a person (other than the voter's employer, an officer of the	
23	voter's union, or an agent of the voter's employer or union) to assist the	
24	voter in voting at an election, as required by 42 U.S.C. 1973aa-6.	
25	(b) This subsection does not apply to a person designated by a voter	
26	described by subsection (a) who is voting absentee before two (2)	
27	members of the absentee voter board. The person designated must	
28	execute a sworn affidavit on a form provided by the precinct election	
29	board or absentee voter board stating that, to the best of the designated	
30	person's knowledge, the voter:	
31	(1) is a voter with disabilities or is unable to read or write English;	
32	and	
33	(2) has requested the designated person to assist the voter in	
34	voting under this section.	
35	(c) The person designated may then accompany the voter into the	
36	voting booth and assist the voter in marking the voter's paper ballot or	
37	ballot card or in registering the voter's vote on the voting machine or	
38	electronic voting system.	
39	SECTION 44. IC 3-11-10-16, AS AMENDED BY P.L.209-2003,	
40	SECTION 143, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
41	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 16. (a) If the inspector finds	
42	under section 15 of this chapter that:	



1	(1) the affidavit is properly executed;
2	(2) the signatures correspond;
3	(3) the absentee voter is a qualified voter of the precinct;
4	(4) the absentee voter is registered and after December 31, 2003,
5	is not required to file additional information with the county voter
6	registration office under IC 3-7-33-4.5;
7	(5) the absentee voter has not voted in person at the election; and
8	(6) in case of a primary election, if the absentee voter has not
9	previously voted, the absentee voter has executed the proper
10	declaration relative to age and qualifications and the political
11	party with which the absentee voter intends to affiliate;
12	then the inspector shall open the envelope containing the absentee
13	ballots so as not to deface or destroy the affidavit and take out each
14	ballot enclosed without unfolding or permitting a ballot to be unfolded
15	or examined.
16	(b) The inspector shall then hand the ballots to the judges who shall
17	deposit the ballots in the proper ballot box and enter the absentee
18	voter's name on the poll list, as if the absentee voter had been present
19	and voted in person. The judges shall mark the poll list to indicate
20	that the voter has voted by absentee ballot. If the voter has registered
21	and voted under IC 3-7-36-14, the inspector shall attach to the poll list
22	the circuit court clerk's certification that the voter has registered.
23	(c) If an absentee ballot is opened under this section in a precinct
24	using voting machines, the precinct election board shall prepare
25	certificates and memoranda under IC 3-12-2-6 that distinguish the
26	votes cast by absentee ballots from votes cast on voting machines.
27	SECTION 45. IC 3-11-10-26, AS AMENDED BY P.L.209-2003,
28	SECTION 147, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
29	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 26. (a) As an alternative to
30	voting by mail, a voter is entitled to cast an absentee ballot before an
31	absentee voter board:
32	(1) in the office of the circuit court clerk (or board of elections
33	and registration in a county subject to IC 3-6-5.2); or
34	(2) at a satellite office established under section 26.3 of this
35	chapter.
36	(b) The voter must sign an application on the form prescribed by the
37	commission under IC 3-11-4-5.1 before being permitted to vote. The
38	application must be received by the circuit court clerk not later than the
39	time prescribed by IC 3-11-4-3.
40	(c) The voter may vote before the board not more than twenty-nine
41	(29) days nor later than noon on the day before election day.

(d) An absent uniformed services voter who is eligible to vote by



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1	absentee ballot in the circuit court clerk's office under IC 3-7-36-14
2	may vote before the board not earlier than twenty-nine (29) days
3	before the election and not later than noon on election day. If a
4	voter described by this subsection wishes to cast an absentee ballot
5	during the period beginning at noon on the day before election day
6	and ending at noon on election day, the county election board or
7	absentee voter board may receive and process the ballot at a
8	location designated by resolution of the county election board.
9	(e) The absentee voter board in the office of the circuit court clerk
10	must permit voters to cast absentee ballots under this section for at
11	least seven (7) hours on each of the two (2) Saturdays preceding
12	election day.
13	(e) (f) Notwithstanding subsection (d), (e), in a county with a
14	population of less than twenty thousand (20,000), the absentee voter
15	board in the office of the circuit court clerk, with the approval of the
16	county election board, may reduce the number of hours available to
17	cast absentee ballots under this section to a minimum of four (4) hours
18	on each of the two (2) Saturdays preceding election day.
19	(f) (g) This subsection applies after December 31, 2005. As
20	provided by 42 U.S.C. 15481, a voter casting an absentee ballot under
21	this section must be:
22	(1) permitted to verify in a private and independent manner the
23	votes selected by the voter before the ballot is cast and counted;
24	(2) provided with the opportunity to change the ballot or correct
25	any error in a private and independent manner before the ballot is
26	cast and counted, including the opportunity to receive a
27	replacement ballot if the voter is otherwise unable to change or
28	correct the ballot; and
29	(3) notified before the ballot is cast regarding the effect of casting
30	multiple votes for the office and provided an opportunity to
31	correct the ballot before the ballot is cast and counted.
32	(g) (h) As provided by 42 U.S.C. 15481, when an absentee ballot is
33	provided under this section, the board must also provide the voter with:
34	(1) information concerning the effect of casting multiple votes for
35	an office; and
36	(2) instructions on how to correct the ballot before the ballot is
37	cast and counted, including the issuance of replacement ballots.
38	SECTION 46. IC 3-11-10-26.2, AS ADDED BY P.L.69-2003,
39	SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
40	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 26.2. (a) A:
41	(1) county election board; or
42	(2) board of elections and registration;



1	of a county subject to IC 3-11.5 may adopt a resolution to authorize
2	the circuit court clerk to use an electronic voting system for voting by
3	absentee ballot in the office of the circuit court clerk or board of
4	elections and registration.
5	(b) A resolution adopted under this section must be adopted by the
6	unanimous vote of the board's entire membership.
7	(c) A resolution adopted under this section must provide procedures
8	to do the following:
9	
10	(1) Secure absentee votes cast on an electronic voting system that
11	provide protection comparable to the protection provided to absentee votes cast by paper ballot.
12	(2) Compare the signature on an absentee ballot application
13	with the applicant's signature on the applicant's voter
14	registration application.
15	(3) Ensure that an invalid ballot (as determined under
16	IC 3-11.5) is not counted.
17	(d) A resolution adopted under this section may contain other
18	provisions the board considers useful.
19	(e) If a resolution is adopted under this section, the circuit court
20	clerk may use as many electronic voting machines for recording
21	absentee votes as the clerk considers necessary, subject to the
22	resolution adopted by the board.
23	(f) Notwithstanding any other law, an absentee ballot voted on an
24	electronic voting system under this section is not required to bear the
25	seal, signature, and initials prescribed by section 27 of this chapter.
26	(g) If a resolution is adopted under this section, the procedure for
27	casting an absentee ballot on an electronic voting system must, except
28	as provided in this section, be substantially the same as the procedure
29	for casting an absentee ballot in the office of the circuit court clerk
30	under section 26 of this chapter.
31	SECTION 47. IC 3-11-10-28, AS AMENDED BY P.L.209-2003,
32	SECTION 148, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
33	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 28. (a) A voter voting before an
34	absentee voter board shall mark the voter's ballot in the presence of the
35	board, but not in such a manner that either of the members of the board
36	can see for whom the voter voted, unless the voter requests the help of
37	the board in marking a ballot under IC 3-11-9.
38	(b) The voter shall then, in the presence of the board, place the
39	ballot in an envelope furnished by the county election board.
40	(c) The circuit court clerk shall provide, to the extent practicable,
41	the same degree of privacy to absentee voters voting at the office of the

circuit court clerk as provided to voters at the polls on election day.



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1	(d) This subsection applies to a voter required to present additional
2	information under IC 3-7-33-4.5. If the voter does not present the
3	required additional information before receiving the absentee ballot,
4	the absentee ballot shall be processed as a provisional ballot under
5	$\frac{1C}{3-11.7}$ in accordance with section 4.5(d) of this chapter.
6	(e) Upon accepting the completed absentee ballot from the voter, the
7	board shall provide the voter with a notice:
8	(1) listing the documentation the voter may submit to the county
9	voter registration office to comply with IC 3-7-33-4.5; and
10	(2) stating the address and hours of the county voter registration
11	office.
12	SECTION 48. IC 3-11-10-36 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
13	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 36. (a) Each county
14	election board shall appoint absentee voter boards.
15	(b) The absentee voter boards must consist of two (2) voters of the
16	county, one (1) from each of the two (2) political parties that have
17	appointed members on the county election board. If a special election
18	is held for a local public question, the county election board may, by
19	unanimous vote of the entire membership of the board, adopt a
20	resolution to provide that the party membership requirement does not
21	apply to absentee voter boards appointed to conduct the special
22	election. A resolution adopted under this subsection may not be
23	repealed and expires the day after the special election.
24	(c) An otherwise qualified person is eligible to serve on an absentee
25	voter board unless the person:
26	(1) is unable to read, write, and speak the English language;
27	(2) has any property bet or wagered on the result of the election;
28	(3) is a candidate to be voted for at the election in any part of the
29	county, except as an unopposed candidate for precinct
30	committeeman or state convention delegate; or
31	(4) is the spouse, parent, father-in-law, mother-in-law, child,
32	son-in-law, daughter-in-law, grandparent, grandchild, brother,
33	sister, brother-in-law, sister-in-law, uncle, aunt, nephew, or niece
34	of a candidate or declared write-in candidate to be voted for at the
35	election in any part of the county, except as an unopposed
36	candidate. This subdivision disqualifies a person whose
37	relationship to the candidate is the result of birth, marriage, or
38	adoption.
39	SECTION 49. IC 3-11-10-37 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
40	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 37. (a) Not later
41	than noon ten (10) days before absentee voting begins under section 26
42	of this chapter, each county election board shall notify the county



1	chairmen of the two (2) political parties that have appointed members
2	on the county election board of the number of absentee voter boards to
3	be appointed under section 36 of this chapter.
4	(b) The county chairmen shall make written recommendations for
5	the appointments to the county election board not later than noon three
6	(3) days before absentee voting begins under section 26 of this chapter.
7	The county election board shall make the appointments as
8	recommended. If a county chairman fails to make any
9	recommendations, then the county election board may appoint any
10	voters of the county who comply with section 36 of this chapter.
11	SECTION 50. IC 3-11.5-2-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
12	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. As used in this
13	article, "central location for counting absentee ballots" refers to a
14	location for counting absentee ballots that a county election board in a
15	pilot county must establish under IC 3-11.5-1-3. this article.
16	SECTION 51. IC 3-11.5-4-13, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-2003,
17	SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
18	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 13. (a) If the absentee ballot counters find
19	under section 11 of this chapter that any of the following applies, the
20	ballots shall be rejected:
21	(1) The affidavit is insufficient or that the ballot has not been
22	endorsed with the initials of:
23	(A) the two (2) members of the absentee voter board in the
24	office of the clerk of the circuit court under IC 3-11-4-19 or
25	IC 3-11-10-27;
26	(B) the two (2) members of the absentee voter board visiting
27	the voter under IC 3-11-10-25; or
28	(C) the two (2) appointed members of the county election
29	board or their designated representatives under IC 3-11-4-19.
30	(2) The signatures do not correspond or there is no signature.
31	(3) The absentee voter is not a qualified voter in the precinct.
32	(4) The absentee voter has voted in person at the election.
33	(5) The absentee voter has not registered.
34	(6) The ballot is open or has been opened and resealed. This
35	subdivision does not permit an absentee ballot transmitted by fax
36	to be rejected because the ballot was sealed in the absentee ballot
37	envelope by the individual designated by the circuit court to
38	receive absentee ballots transmitted by fax.
39	(7) The ballot envelope contains more than one (1) ballot of any
40	kind for the same office or public question.
41	(8) In case of a primary election, if the absentee voter has not

previously voted, the voter failed to execute the proper









1	declaration relative to age and qualifications and the political
2	party with which the voter intends to affiliate.
3	(9) The ballot has been challenged and not supported.
4	(b) Subsection (c) applies whenever a voter with a disability is
5	unable to make a signature:
6	(1) on an absentee ballot application that corresponds to the
7	voter's signature in the records of the county voter
8	registration office; or
9	(2) on an absentee ballot security envelope that corresponds
0	with the voter's signature:
1	(A) in the records of the county voter registration office; or
2	(B) on the absentee ballot application.
3	(c) The voter may request that the voter's signature or mark be
4	attested to by any of the following:
5	(1) The absentee voter board under section 22 of this chapter.
6	(2) A member of the voter's household.
7	(3) An individual serving as attorney in fact for the voter.
8	(d) An attestation under subsection (c) provides an adequate
9	basis for the absentee ballot counters to determine that a signature
0	or mark complies with subsection (a)(2).
1	(e) If the absentee ballot counters are unable to agree on a finding
2	described under this section or section 12 of this chapter, the county
3	election board shall make the finding.
4	(c) (f) The absentee ballot counters or county election board shall
5	issue a certificate to a voter whose ballot has been rejected under this
6	section if the voter appears in person before the board not later than 5
7	p.m. on election day. The certificate must state that the voter's absentee
8	ballot has been rejected and that the voter may vote in person under
9	section 21 of this chapter if otherwise qualified to vote.
0	SECTION 52. IC 3-11.5-4-22, AS AMENDED BY P.L.14-2000,
1	SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
2	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 22. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b),
3	each county election board shall appoint:
4	(1) absentee voter boards;
5	(2) teams of absentee ballot counters; and
6	(3) teams of couriers;
7	consisting of two (2) voters of the county, one (1) from each of the two
8	(2) political parties that have appointed members on the county
9	election board.
0	(b) Notwithstanding subsection (a), a county election board may
-1	appoint, by a unanimous vote of the board's members, only one (1)
-2	absentee ballot courier if the person appointed is a voter of the county.



1	(c) An otherwise qualified person is eligible to serve on an absentee
2	voter board or as an absentee ballot counter or a courier unless the
3	person:
4	(1) is unable to read, write, and speak the English language;
5	(2) has any property bet or wagered on the result of the election;
6	(3) is a candidate to be voted for at the election in any part of the
7	county, except as an unopposed candidate for precinct
8	committeeman or state convention delegate; or
9	(4) is the spouse, parent, father-in-law, mother-in-law, child,
.0	son-in-law, daughter-in-law, grandparent, grandchild, brother,
.1	sister, brother-in-law, sister-in-law, uncle, aunt, nephew, or niece
.2	of a candidate or declared write-in candidate to be voted for at the
.3	election in any part of the county, except as an unopposed
4	candidate. This subdivision disqualifies a person whose
.5	relationship to the candidate is the result of birth, marriage, or
6	adoption.
.7	SECTION 53. IC 3-11.5-4-23, AS AMENDED BY P.L.38-1999,
.8	SECTION 55, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
9	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 23. (a) Not later than noon ten (10) days
20	before absentee voting begins under IC 3-11-10-26, each county
21	election board shall notify the county chairmen of the two (2) political
22	parties that have appointed members on the county election board of
23	the number of:
24	(1) absentee voter boards;
25	(2) teams of absentee ballot counters; and
26	(3) teams of couriers;
27	to be appointed under section 22 of this chapter.
28	(b) The county chairmen shall make written recommendations for
29	the appointments to the county election board not later than noon three
0	(3) days before absentee voting begins under IC 3-11-10-26. The
31	county election board shall make the appointments as recommended.
32	(c) If a county chairman fails to make any recommendations, then
33	the county election board may appoint any voters of the county who
34	comply with section 22 of this chapter.
55	SECTION 54. IC 3-11.7-5-1, AS ADDED BY P.L.126-2002,
66	SECTION 87, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
37	JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 1. (a) After the close of the polls, provisional
8	ballots shall be counted as provided in this chapter.
9	(b) Notwithstanding IC 3-5-4-1.5 and any legal holiday observed
10	under IC 1-1-9, all provisional ballots must be counted by not later
1	than noon on the Monday following the election.
12	SECTION 55. IC 3-12-6-10 IS AMENDED TO READ AS



FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 10. (a) Each petitioner shall furnish a cash deposit or file a bond with corporate surety to the approval of the court for the payment of all costs of the recount. The minimum amount of the cash deposit or bond is one hundred dollars (\$100).

- (b) This subsection applies if, on the face of the election returns, the difference between the number of votes cast for the candidate nominated or elected and the petitioner is not more than one percent (1%) of the total votes cast for all candidates for the nomination or office. If the number of precincts to be recounted exceeds ten (10), the amount of the deposit or bond shall be increased by ten dollars (\$10) for each precinct in excess of ten (10).
- (c) This subsection applies if, on the face of the election returns, the difference between the number of votes cast for the candidate nominated or elected and the petitioner is more than one percent (1%) of the total votes cast for all candidates for the nomination or office. If the number of precincts to be recounted exceeds ten (10), the amount of the deposit or bond shall be increased by one hundred dollars (\$100) for each precinct in excess of ten (10).
  - (d) If a petition is joint, a joint bond may be furnished.
  - (e) The costs of a recount may include the following:
    - (1) Compensation of recount commissioners.
    - (2) Compensation of additional employees required to conduct the recount, including overtime payments to regular employees who are eligible to receive such payments.
    - (3) Postage and telephone charges directly related to the recount.
  - (f) The costs of a recount may not include the following:
    - (1) General administrative costs.
- (2) Security.

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- (3) Allowances for meals or lodging.
- (g) If the recount results in a reduction of at least fifty percent (50%) but less than one hundred percent (100%) of the margin of the total certified votes, the petitioner shall receive a refund of that percentage of the unexpended balance. If after a recount, it is determined that a petitioner has been nominated or elected, the deposit or the bond furnished by that petitioner shall be returned to that petitioner in full.
- (h) Any unexpended balance remaining in a deposit after payment of all costs of the recount and the refund, if a refund is made, shall be deposited in the county general fund.

SECTION 56. IC 3-12-8-17 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 17. (a) A contest shall be heard and determined by the court without a jury subject to the







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1	Indiana Rules of Trial Procedure.
2	(b) The court shall determine the issues raised by the petition and
3	answer to the petition.
4	(c) After hearing and determining a petition alleging that a
5	candidate is ineligible, the court shall declare as elected or nominated
6	the qualified candidate who received the highest number of votes and
7	render judgment accordingly.
8	(d) If the court finds that:
9	(1) a mistake in the printing or distribution of the ballots <b>used in</b>
0	the election;
1	(2) a mistake in the programming of a voting machine or an
2	electronic voting system; or
.3	(3) a malfunction of a voting machine or an electronic voting
4	system; or
5	(4) the occurrence of a deliberate act or series of actions;
.6	makes it impossible to determine which candidate received the highest
7	number of votes, the court shall order that a special election be
8	conducted under IC 3-10-8.
9	(e) The special election shall be conducted in the precincts
20	identified in the petition in which the court determines that:
21	(1) ballots containing the printing mistake or distributed by
22	mistake were cast;
23	(2) a mistake occurred in the programming of a voting machine
24	or an electronic voting system; or
25	(3) a voting machine or an electronic voting system
26	malfunctioned; or
27	(4) the deliberate act or series of actions occurred.
28	SECTION 57. IC 3-12-10-12, AS AMENDED BY P.L.176-1999,
29	SECTION 106, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
30	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 12. (a) The expenses of a
51	recount conducted by the state recount commission shall be paid from
32	the state recount fund following the commission's determination of
33	whether a full or partial refund of the cash deposit should be granted
34	under IC 3-12-11-10.
35	(b) The expenses of a contest conducted by the state recount
56	commission shall be paid from the state recount fund.
37	(c) Notwithstanding subsections (a) and (b), the expenses
8	incurred by a party to a recount or contest for:
19	(1) the appearance of an individual; or
10	(2) the copying or production of documents;
11	in response to a subpoena approved by the state recount
12	commission shall be borne by that party and are not subject to



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1	reimbursement under this chapter.	
2	(d) A person (other than a party to a recount or contest) who claims	
3	reimbursement of expenses described by subsection (a) or (b) must	
4	submit a claim to the state recount commission not later than noon	
5	sixty (60) days after the commission adopts a final order concerning the	
6	recount or contest. If the commission approves the claim, the treasurer	
7	of state shall issue a warrant to the person in accordance with	
8	IC 5-13-5.	
9	(d) (e) There is appropriated to the state recount fund from the state	
10	general fund an amount sufficient for the state recount commission's	
11	use in the payment of expenses under this section.	
12	SECTION 58. IC 3-12-11-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.176-1999,	
13	SECTION 109, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
14	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 10. (a) Each petitioner shall	
15	furnish a cash deposit for the payment of costs of the recount	
16	chargeable to the petitioner. The minimum amount of the cash deposit	
17	is one hundred dollars (\$100). The cash deposit shall be deposited in	
18	the state recount fund.	
19	(b) This subsection applies only to a recount of an election for	
20	nomination or election to either of the following:	
21	(1) A legislative office in which, on the face of the election	
22	returns, the difference between the number of votes cast for the	
23	candidate nominated or elected and the petitioner is not more than	
24	one percent (1%) of the total votes cast for all candidates for	
25	the nomination or office.	
26	(2) An office other than a legislative office in which, on the face	
27	of the election returns, the difference between the number of votes	
28	cast for the candidate nominated or elected and the petitioner is	
29	not more than one percent (1%) of the total votes cast for all	
30	candidates for the nomination or office.	
31	If the number of precincts to be recounted exceeds ten (10), the amount	
32	of the deposit shall be increased by ten dollars (\$10) for each precinct	
33	in excess of ten (10).	
34	(c) This subsection applies only to a recount of an election for	
35	nomination or election to either of the following:	
36	(1) A legislative office in which, on the face of the election	
37	returns, the difference between the number of votes cast for the	

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(2) An office other than a legislative office in which, on the face of the election returns, the difference between the number of votes

candidate nominated or elected and the petitioner is more than

one percent (1%) of the total votes cast for the nomination or



office.

1	cast for the candidate nominated or elected and the petitioner is
2	more than one percent (1%) of the total votes cast for the
3	nomination or office.
4	If the number of precincts to be recounted exceeds ten (10), the amount
5	of the deposit shall be increased by one hundred dollars (\$100) for each
6	precinct in excess of ten (10).
7	(d) If after a recount, it is determined that a petitioner has been
8	nominated or elected, the deposit furnished by that petitioner shall be
9	returned to that petitioner in full.
10	(e) Any unexpended balance remaining in a deposit after payment
11	of the costs of the recount shall be returned to the depositor in the
12	following manner:
13	(1) If the recount results in a reduction of at least fifty percent
14	(50%) but less than one hundred percent (100%) of the margin of
15	the total certified votes, the petitioner shall receive a refund of
16	that percentage of the unexpended balance.
17	(2) If after a recount, it is determined that a petitioner has been
18	nominated or elected, the deposit or the bond furnished by that
19	petitioner shall be returned to that petitioner in full.
20	(3) Any unexpended balance remaining after the provision of
21	subdivision (1) has been satisfied shall be deposited in the state
22	recount fund.
23	SECTION 59. IC 3-12-11-18 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
24	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 18. (a) When a
25	recount is completed by the state recount commission or its designee,
26	the commission shall:
27	(1) make and sign a certificate showing the total number of votes
28	received in the precincts by each candidate for nomination or
29	election to the office;
30	(2) state in its certificate the candidate who received the highest
31	number of votes in the precincts for nomination or election to the
32	office and by what plurality; and
33	(3) file its certificate with the election division.
34	(b) When a contest proceeding in which a candidate is alleged to be
35	ineligible is completed by the state recount commission or its designee,
36	the commission shall make a final determination concerning the
37	eligibility of the candidate for nomination or election to the office.
38	(c) If the state recount commission or its designee determines that:
39	(1) a mistake was made in the printing or distribution of ballots
10	used in the election;
41	(2) a mistake was made in the programming of a voting
12	machine or an electronic voting system;



1	(3) a voting machine or an electronic voting system
2	malfunctioned; or
3	(4) a deliberate act or series of actions occurred;
4	that makes it impossible to determine which candidate received the
5	highest number of votes cast, the commission shall order that a special
6	election be conducted under IC 3-10-8.
7	(d) The special election ordered under subsection (c) shall be
8	held in the precincts identified in the petition in which the commission
9	determines that: <del>ballots:</del>
.0	(1) <b>ballots</b> containing the printing mistake or (2) distributed by
1	mistake were cast;
2	(2) a mistake occurred in the programming of a voting
3	machine or an electronic voting system;
4	(3) a voting machine or an electronic voting system
.5	malfunctioned; or
6	(4) a deliberate act or series of actions occurred.
.7	SECTION 60. IC 3-13-1-14 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
. 8	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 14. The selection
9	of a person as a candidate under this chapter is not effective unless:
20	(1) the person's written consent is obtained and filed:
21	(A) in the office in which certificates and petitions of
22	nomination must be filed; and
23	(B) <b>not later than</b> when the certificate is filed; and
24	(2) the candidate has complied with any requirement under
25	IC 3-8-1-33 to file a statement of economic interests.
26	SECTION 61. IC 3-13-7-2.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
27	AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
28	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2.5. (a) This section does not apply to a
29	school board office.
0	(b) This section applies to a vacancy in an elected office in a
31	political subdivision:
32	(1) in which each candidate is required by statute to be placed
3	on the ballot as a nonpartisan candidate for the office; and
34	(2) for which this article does not otherwise provide a method
55	for filling.
56	(c) The county executive of the county containing the greatest
57	percentage of the population of the political subdivision shall fill
8	the vacancy in the manner provided by section 2 of this chapter.
19	SECTION 62. IC 3-13-10-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
10	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 2. (a) A vacancy in the
11	office of township trustee:
12	(1) not covered by section 1 of this chapter; or



1	(2) covered by section 1 of this chapter, but that exists after
2	the thirtieth day after the vacancy occurs;
3	shall be filled by the board of commissioners of the county at a regular
4	or special meeting.
5	<b>(b)</b> The county auditor shall give notice of the meeting, which shall
6	be held within thirty (30) days after the vacancy occurs. The notice
7	must:
8	(1) be in writing;
9	(2) state the purpose of the meeting;
10	(3) state the date, time, and place of the meeting; and
11	(4) be sent by first class mail to each commissioner at least ten
12	(10) days before the meeting.
13	SECTION 63. IC 3-13-10-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
14	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 4. (a) A vacancy on the
15	township board of a township:
16	(1) not covered by section 1 of this chapter; or
17	(2) covered by section 1 of this chapter, but that exists after
18	the thirtieth day after the vacancy occurs;
19	shall be filled by the board of commissioners of the county at a regular
20	or special meeting.
21	<b>(b)</b> The county auditor shall give notice of the meeting, which shall
22	be held within thirty (30) days after the vacancy occurs. The notice
23	must:
24	(1) be in writing;
25	(2) state the purpose of the meeting;
26	(3) state the date, time, and place of the meeting; and
27	(4) be sent by first class mail to each commissioner at least ten
28	(10) days before the meeting.
29	SECTION 64. IC 3-13-11-12 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
30	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 12. (a) This
31	section does not apply to the office of a judge.
32	<b>(b)</b> Subject to sections 13 through 17 of this chapter, the chief
33	deputy employee of the office that is vacant assumes the duties of that
34	office for the period of time between when a vacancy occurs and when
35	the office is filled under this chapter in a circuit, county, city, or town,
36	office, or in the office of township trustee. office.
37	SECTION 65. IC 3-13-11-13 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
38	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 13. (a) This
39	section does not apply to the office of a judge.
40	<b>(b)</b> In accordance with section 12 of this chapter, if a chief deputy
41	employee does not exist in a circuit or county office, or the chief
12	deputy employee declines or is ineligible to serve, the board of county



1	commissioners shall appoint, as soon as is reasonably possible, a
2	person to assume the duties of the office until the office is filled under
3	this chapter.
4	(c) If a circuit contains more than one (1) county, the boards of
5	county commissioners of the counties shall meet in joint session at
6	the county seat of the county that contains the greatest percentage
7	of population of the circuit to appoint an individual under this
8	section.
9	SECTION 66. IC 3-13-11-17 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
10	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 17. (a) This
11	section does not apply to the office of a judge or a township board
12	member.
13	<b>(b)</b> In accordance with section 12 of this chapter, if a chief deputy
14	employee does not exist in the a township office of township trustee,
15	or the chief deputy employee declines or is ineligible to serve, the
16	chairman of the township board assumes the duties of the township
17	trustee office until the office is filled under this chapter.
18	SECTION 67. IC 4-2-6-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.44-2001,
19	SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
20	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 8. (a) The following persons shall file a
21	written financial disclosure statement:
22	(1) The governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, auditor
23	of state, treasurer of state, attorney general, and state
24	superintendent of public instruction.
25	(2) Any candidate for one (1) of the offices in subdivision (1) who
26	is not the holder of one (1) of those offices.
27	(3) Any person who is the appointing authority of an agency.
28	(4) The director of each division of the department of
29	administration.
30	(5) Any purchasing agent within the procurement division of the
31	department of administration.
32	(6) An employee required to do so by rule adopted by the
33	commission.
34	(b) The statement shall be filed with the commission as follows:
35	(1) Not later than February 1 of every year, in the case of the state
36	officers and employees enumerated in subsection (a).
37	(2) If the individual has not previously filed under subdivision
38	(1) during the present calendar year and is filing as a
39	candidate for a state office listed in subsection (a)(1), before
40	filing a declaration of candidacy under IC 3-8-2 or IC 3-8-4-11,
41	petition of nomination under IC 3-8-6, or declaration of intent to

be a write-in candidate under IC 3-8-2-2.5, or before a certificate



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1	of nomination is filed under IC 3-8-7-8, in the case of a candidate
2	for one (1) of the state offices (unless the statement has already
3	been filed when required under IC 3-8-4-11).
4	(3) Not later than sixty (60) days after employment or taking
5	office, unless the previous employment or office required the
6	filing of a statement under this section.
7	(4) Not later than thirty (30) days after leaving employment or
8	office, unless the subsequent employment or office requires the
9	filing of a statement under this section.
10	The statement must be made under affirmation.
11	(c) The statement shall set forth the following information for the
12	preceding calendar year or, in the case of a state officer or employee
13	who leaves office or employment, the period since a previous statement
14	was filed:
15	(1) The name and address of any person known:
16	(A) to have a business relationship with the agency of the state
17	officer or employee or the office sought by the candidate; and
18	(B) from whom the state officer, candidate, or the employee,
19	or that individual's spouse or unemancipated children received
20	a gift or gifts having a total fair market value in excess of one
21	hundred dollars (\$100).
22	(2) The location of all real property in which the state officer,
23	candidate, or the employee or that individual's spouse or
24	unemancipated children has an equitable or legal interest either
25	amounting to five thousand dollars (\$5,000) or more or
26	comprising ten percent (10%) of the state officer's, candidate's, or
27	the employee's net worth or the net worth of that individual's
28	spouse or unemancipated children. An individual's primary
29	personal residence need not be listed, unless it also serves as
30	income property.
31	(3) The names and the nature of the business of the employers of
32	the state officer, candidate, or the employee and that individual's
33	spouse.
34	(4) The following information about any sole proprietorship
35	owned or professional practice operated by the state officer,
36	candidate, or the employee or that individual's spouse:
37	(A) The name of the sole proprietorship or professional
38	practice.
39	(B) The nature of the business.
40	(C) Whether any clients are known to have had a business
41	relationship with the agency of the state officer or employee or
42	the office sought by the candidate.



1	(D) The name of any client or customer from whom the state
2	officer, candidate, employee, or that individual's spouse
3	received more than thirty-three percent (33%) of the state
4	officer's, candidate's, employee's, or that individual's spouse's
5	nonstate income in a year.
6	(5) The name of any partnership of which the state officer,
7	candidate, or the employee or that individual's spouse is a member
8	and the nature of the partnership's business.
9	(6) The name of any corporation (other than a church) of which
10	the state officer, candidate, or the employee or that individual's
11	spouse is an officer or a director and the nature of the
12	corporation's business.
13	(7) The name of any corporation in which the state officer,
14	candidate, or the employee or that individual's spouse or
15	unemancipated children own stock or stock options having a fair
16	market value in excess of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000). A time
17	or demand deposit in a financial institution or insurance policy
18	need not be listed.
19	(8) The name and address of the most recent former employer.
20	(9) Additional information that the person making the disclosure
21	chooses to include.
22	Any such state officer, candidate, or employee may file an amended
23	statement upon discovery of additional information required to be
24	reported.
25	(d) A person who:
26	(1) fails to file a statement required by rule or this section in a
27	timely manner; or
28	(2) files a deficient statement;
29	upon a majority vote of the commission, is subject to a civil penalty at
30	a rate of not more than ten dollars (\$10) for each day the statement
31	remains delinquent or deficient. The maximum penalty under this
32	subsection is one thousand dollars (\$1,000).
33	(e) A person who intentionally or knowingly files a false statement
34	commits a Class A infraction.
35	SECTION 68. IC 20-4-8-18 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
36	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 18. (a) Members
37	of the metropolitan board of education shall be elected by the
38	registered voters of the metropolitan school district at the primary
39	elections held biennially in the state commencing with the next primary
40	election which is held more than sixty (60) days after the creation of
41	the metropolitan school district as provided herein. in this chapter.
12	Nominations for each member of the board of education shall be made



by a petition signed by the nominee and by ten (10) registered voters residing in the same board member district as the nominee. Such petition shall be filed not earlier than the date on which a petition of nomination may first be filed under IC 3-8-6-10 and not later than noon on the last date provided by IC 3-8-2-4 for the filing of a declaration of candidacy for the primary election with the clerk of the circuit court in each county in which such metropolitan school district is located.

- (b) Nominees for school board members shall be listed on the primary election ballot in the form prescribed by IC 3-10-1-19, by board member districts without party designation. Such ballot shall state thereon the number of board members to be voted upon and the maximum number which may be elected from each board member district in compliance with section 15 of this chapter. No ballot shall be valid where more than such maximum number are voted upon from any such board member district. The election boards in the various precincts and in the county or counties serving at each primary election shall conduct the election for school board members. Each registered voter may vote in such school board election without otherwise voting in the primary election.
- (c) Voting and tabulation of votes shall be conducted in the same manner as voting and tabulation in primary elections are conducted, and the candidates having the greatest number of votes shall be elected. If more than the maximum number which may be elected from any board member district as provided in section 15 of this chapter are among those having the greatest number of votes, the lowest of those candidates from such board member district in excess of such maximum number shall be eliminated in determining the candidates who are elected. In the event of a tie vote for any of said candidates, the judge of the circuit court in the county where the majority of the registered voters of the metropolitan school district reside shall select one (1) of said candidates who shall be declared and certified elected.
- (d) If at any time after the first board member election there shall occur a vacancy on the board for any reason including but not limited to the failure of the sufficient number of petitions for candidates being filed, and whether the vacating member was elected or appointed, the remaining members of the metropolitan board of education, whether or not a majority of the board, shall by a majority vote fill such vacancy by appointing a person from the board member district from which the person who vacated the board membership was elected, or if such person was appointed, the board member district from which the last elected predecessor of such person was elected. In the event of a tie vote among the remaining members of the board or their failure to act



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within thirty (30) days after any such vacancy occurs, it shall be the duty of the judge of the circuit court in the county where the majority of registered voters of the metropolitan school district reside to make such appointment. A successor to such appointive board member shall be elected at the next primary election which is held more than sixty (60) days after any elected board member vacates membership on the board; or at the primary election held immediately prior to the end of the term for which such vacating member was elected, whichever is sooner. Unless such successor takes office at the end of the term of such vacating member, the member shall serve only for the balance of such term. In any election of a successor board member to fill a vacancy for a two (2) year balance of a term, nominating petitions for school board membership candidacy need not be filed for or with reference to the vacancy. However, as required by IC 3-11-2-14.5, candidates for at-large seats shall be distinguished on the ballot from candidates for district seats. If there is more than one (1) atlarge seat on the ballot due to this vacancy, the elected candidate who receives the lowest number of votes at the election at which such successor is elected shall serve for such two (2) year term.

(e) At the first primary election wherein members of the metropolitan board of education shall be elected under this section, a simple majority of the elected candidates, consisting of those elected candidates who receive the highest number of votes, shall be elected for four (4) year terms and the balance of the elected candidates, consisting of those who received the lowest number of votes, shall be elected for two (2) year terms. All candidates for membership on the metropolitan board of education shall be voted upon by the voters of the entire district, shall be elected for four (4) year terms after the first election and shall take office and assume their duties July 1 following their election.

SECTION 69. IC 36-2-16-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. (a) A deputy appointed under this chapter may be required to give a bond, in accordance with IC 5-4-1, for the proper discharge of his the deputy's duties. as a deputy.

(b) If required under IC 5-4-1-1, a deputy appointed under this chapter shall take the oath required of the officer who appointed him. the deputy.

SECTION 70. An emergency is declared for this act.



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